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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/590,029 08/18/2006		Kenji Sato	8017-1196	4127
466 YOUNG & TH	7590 02/02/200 OMPSON	EXAMINER		
209 Madison St Suite 500	reet		HAGAN, SEAN P	
ALEXANDRIA	A, VA 22314		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2828	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			02/02/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/590,029	SATO ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
SEAN HAGAN	2828	

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The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 15 January 2009 FAILS TO PLACE THIS A	PPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	R ALLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Apper for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 Coperiods:	the same day as filing a Notice of A replies: (1) an amendment, affidavited al (with appeal fee) in compliance	Appeal. To avoid abar ., or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date	of the final rejection.		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to	ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing	date of the final rejection	on.
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or ( MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(1)		FIRST REPLY WAS FIL	LED WITHIN TWO
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ension and the corresponding amount of hortened statutory period for reply original for the control of the cont	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Office	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
NOTICE OF APPEAL	lion an with 27 CED 44 27 mount be 4	Slad wikhin two manth	a af tha data af
<ol> <li>The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with the North America.</li> </ol>	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
AMENDMENTS		حط لحصوفون حط فصو الثين	
<ol> <li>The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, be (a) They raise new issues that would require further cor (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below).</li> <li>They are not deemed to place the application in better the control of the co</li></ol>	nsideration and/or search (see NOT w);	E below);	
appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a c	corresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.	
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).  4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	21 See attached Nation of Non Co.	maliant Amandmant (	DTOL 224)
<ul> <li>5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):</li> </ul>		npliant Amendment (i	F10L-324).
<ul> <li>6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).</li> </ul>		imely filed amendmer	nt canceling the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is proved the status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:  Claim(s) allowed:  Claim(s) objected to:  Claim(s) rejected:  Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:		be entered and an ex	xplanation of
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).</li> </ol>			
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to of showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary</li> </ol>	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea and was not earlier presented. Se	l and/or appellant fail e 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1	s to provide a ).
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after er	itry is below or attach	ed.
11.  The request for reconsideration has been considered but See Continuation Sheet.		condition for allowan	ce because:
<ul><li>12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i>(s). (</li><li>13. ☐ Other:</li></ul>	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
/Minsun Harvey/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2828			

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicants argue that the specific claimed detuning amount is patentable over the prior art for reasons of incompatability between Tamura et al. ("Ultrafast electroabsorption modulators with traveling-wave electrodes", Lasers and Electro-Optics Society, 2001. LEOS 2001. The 14th Annual Meeting of the IEEE, Vol. 1, 12-13 Nov. 2001 pp. 97-98, hereafter Tamura) and Ledentsov et al. (Ledentsov, US Patent 2003/0206741). Tamura is cited to teach a number of claimed elements in the independent claim but fails to teach the claimed detuning amount and examiner relies upon Ledentsov for this purpose. Applicants argue that since the modulator of Ledentsov is located within the laser cavity, the detuning amount disclosed is not applicable to Tamura wherein the modulator is located outside of the laser cavity.

While there are differences in how the light is ultimately modulated, both modulators function on principles related to the absorption band of the modulator which is affected by the detuning amount and, thus, the detuning amount is a variable of concern with both devices. Ledentzov discloses significant information on detuning amounts from 0 to 100meV as related to the absorption observed and the affects this absorption has on the light. While not all affects discovered by Ledentsov would have been expected to be observed in a modulator located external to the laser cavity, the results presented in Ledentsov are still indicative of the basic behavior of an absorption based modulator and, thus, it would have at least been obvious to try detuning values presented in Ledentsov within a device according to the teachings of Tamura.

Applicants make mention of unexpected results, however the results mentioned appear to relate to the optimization of result effective variables within known or obvious ranges. In fact, page 13 of response received 12 June 2008 provides a graph denoting a relation between detuning and the transmittance of the modulator when there is no electric field with indications of ranges within admitted prior art and the range claimed. The graph appears to be largely linear from the greater half of the admitted prior art range to the claimed range (which begins 2meV away from the admitted prior art range) and so it is unclear how the result portrayed in the graph is unexpected.